# Are the degrees of unconstrained and constrained approximation the same? (comonotonicity as example) 

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Let $E_{n}(f)$ denote the degree of approximation of $f \in C[-1,1]$, by algebraic polynomials of degree $<n$, and assume that we know that for some $\alpha>0$ and $N \geq 1$,

$$
n^{\alpha} E_{n}(f) \leq 1, \quad n \geq N
$$

Suppose that $f$ changes its monotonicity $s \geq 0$ times in $[-1,1]$. We are interested in what may be said about its degree of approximation by polynomials of degree $<n$ that are comonotone with $f$. In particular, if $f$ changes its monotonicity at $Y_{s}:=\left\{y_{1}, \ldots, y_{s}\right\}\left(Y_{0}=\emptyset\right)$ and the degree of comonotone approximation is denoted by $E_{n}\left(f, Y_{s}\right)$, we investigate when can one say that

$$
n^{\alpha} E_{n}\left(f, Y_{s}\right) \leq c(\alpha, s, N), \quad n \geq N^{*}
$$

for some $N^{*}$. Clearly, $N^{*}$, if it exists at all (we prove it always does), depends on $\alpha, s$ and $N$. However, it turns out that for certain values of $\alpha, s$ and $N, N^{*}$ depends also on $Y_{s}$ and in some cases even on $f$ itself.

Joint work with: I. A. Shevchuk.

## References

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